

## Unit 5.1 Exponents

1. Simplify the following exponential expressions with positive exponents only

a.  $8^3 \times 8^0 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $3^2 \times 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

c.  $3^{-1} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

d.  $5^{-2} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

e.  $(-2)^4 \times (-2)^0 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

f.  $3(2^{-3}) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

g.  $x^2 \cdot x^3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

h.  $2x^{-1} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

i.  $\frac{10^3}{10^4} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

j.  $\frac{x^{-2}}{x^2} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

k.  $3y \cdot y^4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

l.  $(4x^3)(9x^1) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

m.  $\frac{-10x^5}{2x} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

n.  $\frac{10^4 \cdot 10^3}{10^{-2}} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

o.  $(-3xy)(-5x^2y^{-3}) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

p.  $\frac{-8x^2y^4}{4x^3y^2} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2. Use the rules for raising exponents to a power to simplify the expressions with positive exponents only

a.  $4(-3x^2)^3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $5(x^2y^{-1}) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

c.  $-2(3x^5y^{-2})^{-3} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

d.  $\left(\frac{-4x}{y^2}\right)^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

e.  $\left(\frac{-7^2x^2y}{y^3}\right)^{-1} = \underline{\hspace{10em}}$

f.  $\left(\frac{3xy^3}{4x^2y^{-3}}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{2x^3y^{-1}}{9x^{-3}y^{-1}}\right)^2 = \underline{\hspace{10em}}$

3. Perform the indicated operation and write each of the resulting numbers in scientific notation

a.  $0.0003 \times 0.0000025 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

b.  $300 \times 0.00015 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

c.  $\frac{3900}{0.003} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

d.  $\frac{0.005 \times 650 \times 3.3}{0.0011 \times 2500} =$  \_\_\_\_\_